

**Wildcat Extension District No. 14**

**AUDITORS' REPORT AND  
FINANCIAL STATEMENT**

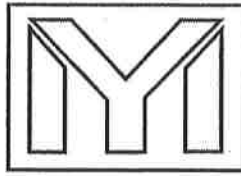
**December 31, 2016**

WILDCAT EXTENSION DISTRICT NO. 14

December 31, 2016

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page Number</u>
<u>INTRODUCTORY SECTION</u>	
Title Page	
Table of Contents	
<u>FINANCIAL SECTION</u>	
Independent Auditors' Report	1 – 3
STATEMENT 1	
Summary Statement of Receipts, Expenditures, and Unencumbered Cash – Regulatory Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2016	4
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT	5-9
REGULATORY – REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
SCHEDULE 1	
Summary of Expenditures – Actual and Budget – Regulatory Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2016	10
SCHEDULE 2	
Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures – Actual and Budget – Regulatory Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2016	
GENERAL FUND	11



John D. Carroll, CPA  
Emily S. Erbe, CPA  
Ashley R. Newland, CPA, MBAA  
David W. Schwenker

## YERKES & MICHELS, CPA, LLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS  
American Institute of Certified Public Accountants  
Kansas Society of Certified Public Accountants  
An Independent C.P.A. Firm

### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors  
Wildcat Extension District No. 14  
120 E. Buffalo Street  
Girard, KS 66743

We have audited the accompanying fund summary statement of regulatory basis receipts, expenditures, and unencumbered cash balances of Wildcat Extension District No. 14, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statement.

#### *Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements*

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this financial statement in accordance with the Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide as described in Note 1B to meet the financial reporting requirements of the State of Kansas; this includes determining that the regulatory basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statement in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### *Auditors' Responsibility*

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statement based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide. Those standards require we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. The procedures selected depend on auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

*Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles*

As described in Note 1B of the financial statement, the financial statement is prepared by the District to meet the requirements of the State of Kansas on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of the Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The effect on the financial statement of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1B and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

*Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles*

In our opinion because of the significance of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles" paragraph, the financial statement referred to above does not present fairly, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Wildcat Extension District No. 14 as of December 31, 2016, or changes in the financial position and cash flows thereof for the year ended.

*Unmodified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting*

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the aggregate cash and unencumbered cash balance of the Wildcat Extension District No. 14 as of December 31, 2016, and the aggregate receipts and expenditures for the year then ended in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of the Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide described in Note 1B.

*Other Matters*

*Supplementary Information*

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the fund summary statement of regulatory basis receipts, expenditures, and unencumbered cash balances (basic financial statement) as a whole. The summary of regulatory basis expenditures-actual and budget, and individual fund schedules of regulatory basis receipts and expenditures-actual and budget (Schedules 1 and 2 as listed in the table of contents) are presented for analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statement, however are required to be presented under the provisions of the Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statement. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statement and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statement or to the basic financial statement itself, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statement as a whole, on the basis of accounting described in Note 1B.

The 2015 Actual column presented in the individual fund schedules of regulatory basis receipts and expenditures – actual and budget (Schedule 2 as listed in the table of contents) is also presented for comparative analysis and is not a required part of the 2016 basic financial statement upon which we rendered an unmodified opinion dated August 14, 2017. The 2015 basic financial statement and our accompanying report are not presented herein, but are available in electronic form from the website of

the Kansas Department of Administration at the following link <http://da.ks.gov/are/muniserv/>. Such 2015 comparative information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2015 basic financial statement. The 2015 comparative information was subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the 2015 basic financial statement and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2015 basic financial statement or to the 2015 basic financial statement itself, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion the 2015 comparative information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the 2015 basic financial statement as a whole, on the basis of accounting described in Note 1B.

  
YERKES & MICHELS, CPA, LLC

August 14, 2017

**WILDCAT EXTENSION DISTRICT NO 14**  
**SUMMARY STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, EXPENDITURES AND UNCEMBUMERED CASH**  
**REGULATORY BASIS**

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

	Beginning Unencumbered Cash Balance	Prior Year Cancelled Encumbrances	Cash Receipts	Expenditures	Ending Unencumbered Cash Balance	Outstanding Encumbrances and Accounts Payable	Ending Cash Balance	
<u>GOVERNMENTAL TYPE FUNDS:</u>								
GENERAL FUND	\$ 365,411.92	\$ -	\$ 1,050,721.53	\$ 1,138,225.28	\$ 277,908.17	\$ -	\$ 277,908.17	GENERAL FUND
 TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	<u>\$ 365,411.92</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,050,721.53</u>	<u>\$ 1,138,225.28</u>	<u>\$ 277,908.17</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 277,908.17</u>	TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

COMPOSITION OF CASH-Primary Government

Community National Bank	
Account No. 1910001139	(27,842.99)
Account No. 1950033147	305,751.16
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	<u>\$ 277,908.17</u>

THE NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS STATEMENT.

**NOTES TO THE  
FINANCIAL STATEMENT**

## WILDCAT EXTENSION DISTRICT NO. 14

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT

December 31, 2016

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

##### 1A. MUNICIPAL FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

Wildcat Extension District No. 14 is an Extension District governed by a twelve member Board of Directors. In evaluating how to define the government for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The District was formed on July 1, 2011 by the combination of Crawford, Labette and Montgomery County Extension Councils. The District's purpose is to provide quality information, education, and problem solving programs to individuals in the Crawford, Labette and Montgomery County, Kansas area about crops and livestock, 4-H & youth development, lawn & gardens, and health & nutrition.

##### 1B. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

*Regulatory Basis of Accounting and Departure from Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America.* The KMAAG regulatory basis of accounting involves the recognition of cash, cash equivalents, marketable investments, and certain accounts payable and encumbrance obligations to arrive at a net unencumbered cash and investments balance on a regulatory basis for each fund, and the reporting changes in unencumbered cash and investments of a fund resulting from the difference in regulatory basis revenue and regulatory basis expenditures for the fiscal year. All recognized assets and liabilities are measured and reported at cost, unless they have been permanently impaired and have no future cash value or represent no future obligation against cash. The KMAAG regulatory basis does not recognize capital assets, long-term debt, accrued receivables and payables, or any other assets, liabilities or deferred inflows or outflows, other than those mentioned above.

The District has approved a resolution that is in compliance with K.S.A. 75-1120a(c), waiving the requirement for application of generally accepted accounting principles and allowing the District to use the regulatory basis of accounting.

##### 1C. REGULATORY BASIS FUND TYPES

The accounts of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities.

A fund is defined as an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

The following type of fund comprises the financial activities of Wildcat Extension District No. 14, for the year 2016:



WILDCAT EXTENSION DISTRICT NO. 14  
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT

December 31, 2016

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

1c. REGULATORY BASIS FUND TYPES (cont'd)

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

General Fund— the chief operating fund. Used to account for all resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

2A. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Kansas statutes require that an annual operating budget be legally adopted for the general fund, special purpose funds (unless specifically exempted by statute), bond and interest funds, and business funds. Although directory rather than mandatory, the statutes provide for the following sequence and timetable in the adoption of the legal annual operating budget:

1. Preparation of the budget for the succeeding calendar year on or before August 1<sup>st</sup>.
2. Publication in local newspaper on or before August 5<sup>th</sup> of the proposed budget and notice of public hearing on the budget.
3. Public hearing on or before August 15<sup>th</sup>, but at least 10 days after publication of notice of hearing.
4. Adoption of the final budget on or before August 25<sup>th</sup>.

The statutes allow for the governing body to increase the originally adopted budget for previously unbudgeted increases in revenue other than ad valorem property taxes. To do this, a notice of public hearing to amend the budget must be published in the local newspaper. At least ten days after publication the hearing may be held and the governing body may amend the budget at the time. There were no such budget amendments for this year.

The statutes permit transferring budgeted amounts between line items within an individual fund. However, such statutes prohibit expenditures in excess of the total amount of the adopted budget of expenditures of individual funds. Budget comparison statements are presented for each fund showing actual receipts and expenditures compared to legally budgeted receipts and expenditures.

All legal annual operating budgets are prepared using the regulatory basis of accounting, in which, revenues are recognized when cash is received and expenditures include disbursements, accounts payable, and encumbrances, with disbursements being adjusted for prior year's accounts payable and encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments by the District for future payments and are supported by a document evidencing the commitment, such as a purchase order or contract. Any unused budget expenditure authority lapses at year-end.

WILDCAT EXTENSION DISTRICT NO. 14

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT

December 31, 2016

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (cont'd.)

Spending in funds which are not subject to the legal annual operating budget requirement is controlled by federal regulations, other statutes, or by the use of internal spending limits established by the governing body.

2B. COMPLIANCE WITH FINANCE-RELATED LEGAL AND CONTRACTUAL MATTERS

Management is not aware of any violations of compliance with Kansas Statutes or violations of other finance related legal matters.

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

As of December 31, 2016, the District had no investments.

K.S.A. 9-1401 establishes the depositories which may be used by the District. The statute requires banks eligible to hold the District's funds have a main or branch bank in the county in which the District is located, or in an adjoining county if such institution has been designated as an official depository, and the banks provide an acceptable rate of return on funds. In addition, K.S.A. 9-1402 requires the banks to pledge securities for deposits in excess of FDIC coverage. The District has no other policies that would further limit interest rate risk.

K.S.A. 12-1675 limits the District's investment of idle funds to time deposits, open accounts, and certificates of deposit with allowable financial institutions; U.S. Government securities; temporary notes; no-fund warrants; repurchase agreements; and the Kansas Municipal Investment Pool. The District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

*Concentration of credit risk.* State statutes place no limit on the amount the District may invest in any one issuer as long as the investments are adequately secured under K.S.A. 9-1402 and 9-1405.

*Custodial credit risk – deposits.* Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. State statutes require the District's deposits in financial institutions to be entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held under a joint custody receipt issued by a bank within the State of Kansas, the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City, or the Federal Home Loan Bank of Topeka, except during designated "peak periods" when required coverage is 50%. As of December 31, 2016, all deposits were secured.

At December 31, 2016 the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$ 277,908.17. The bank balance was \$ 413,237.50. The difference between the carrying amount and the bank balance is outstanding checks and deposits in transit. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance, with the remaining balance of \$ 163,237.50

WILDCAT EXTENSION DISTRICT NO. 14

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT

December 31, 2016

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (cont'd)

collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's agents in the District's name.

*Custodial credit risk – investments.* For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the issuer or counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State statutes require investments to be adequately secured.

NOTE 4 – RELATED PARTY ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

Wildcat Extension District is an affiliate of Kansas State University (KSU) Research and Extension Department. Due to this affiliation the District receives funding for reimbursement of agent salaries, which is recognized as income when paid by KSU. All extension agents are employed directly by KSU, with the District reimbursing a portion of the salaries for each agent; therefore, the amount paid and billed to KSU are a wash of funds and no money is directly received or remitted by the District. Total salaries paid to agents by KSU on behalf of the District for the year ending December 31, 2016 was \$ 549,243.78, of which \$150,620.93 was funded directly by the district.

NOTE 5 – COMPENSATED ABSENCES

District employees are eligible for vacation benefits that accrue as follows: 0 to 5 years of employment accrue 1 day per month, 5 to 14 years employment accrue 1 ½ days per month and 15 years or more accrue 1 ¾ days per month. Employees may accumulate up to 30 days of vacation; any vacation accumulated in excess will be forfeited.

All full-time District employees earn sick leave at a rate of one day per month, there is no limit on the amount that can be accumulated. The District does not compensate for any unused sick leave, however upon retirement an employee will be compensated for 30 days of unused sick leave, if they have accumulated at least 100 days. Retirement is defined as being eligible for Social Security Benefits.

The liability for accrued vacation and sick pay is not reflected on the financial statements. Neither the actual or estimated amount of the liability was available at December 31, 2016. The cost of vacation and sick pay are recognized as expenditures when paid.

WILDCAT EXTENSION DISTRICT NO. 14  
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT

December 31, 2016

NOTE 6 -- OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Under the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA), the government makes health care benefits available to eligible former employees and eligible dependents. Certain requirements are outlined by the federal government for this coverage. The premium is paid in full by the insured resulting in no expense for the District.

NOTE 7 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

The District does not provide any type of defined benefit pension plan.

NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the District carries commercial insurance. Settlements of claims have not exceeded coverage during the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 9 – USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of regulatory basis financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of expenditures during the audit period, encumbrances outstanding, and disclosure of contingencies at the end of the audit period. Actual results could differ from the estimates.

NOTE 10 – SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY

We noted that, due to the small number of staff, proper segregation of duties is not attainable.

NOTE 11 – Subsequent Event

On 7/1/17 Wilson County Extension was consolidated into Wildcat Extension District No. 14.

**REGULATORY – REQUIRED  
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

**WILDCAT EXTENSION DISTRICT NO. 14  
SUMMARY OF EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET**

**For the Year Ended December 31, 2016**

<u>GOVERNMENTAL TYPE FUNDS</u>	<u>Certified Budget</u>	<u>Adjustment For Qualifying Budget Credits</u>	<u>Total Budget for Comparison</u>	<u>Expenditures Chargeable to Current Year</u>	<u>Variance Over (Under)</u>
General - See Note 2	\$ 1,321,500.00	\$ -	\$ 1,321,500.00	\$ 1,138,225.28	\$ (183,274.72)

**WILDCAT EXTENSION DISTRICT NO. 14**  
**SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET**  
**REGULATORY BASIS**

**GENERAL FUND**

**For the Year Ended December 31, 2016**  
**(With Comparative Actual Totals for the year Ended December 31, 2015)**

	Year Ended December 31, 2015	Current Year		Variance Over (Under)
		Actual	Budget	
<b>CASH RECEIPTS</b>				
Taxes	\$ 872,581.94	\$ 852,675.29	\$ 862,949.00	\$ (10,273.71)
KSU Funding	170,208.00	154,969.37	163,904.00	(8,934.63)
Educational Service	38,702.14	39,769.70	50,000.00	(10,230.30)
Miscellaneous	9,302.65	3,307.17	-	3,307.17
<b>TOTAL CASH RECEIPTS</b>	<b>1,090,794.73</b>	<b>1,050,721.53</b>	<b>\$ 1,076,853.00</b>	<b>\$ (26,131.47)</b>
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>				
Contract Labor	554,710.36	549,243.78	\$ -	\$ 549,243.78
Salaries	169,459.62	150,620.93	725,000.00	(574,379.07)
Utilities	72,852.86	74,162.74	73,500.00	662.74
Travel	42,108.35	31,760.21	50,000.00	(18,239.79)
Supplies	31,856.28	36,454.01	35,000.00	1,454.01
Educational Services	16,969.86	48,209.70	15,000.00	33,209.70
Employee Benefits	119,916.41	130,142.59	150,000.00	(19,857.41)
Miscellaneous	36,017.56	38,967.24	61,000.00	(22,032.76)
Payroll Taxes	13,132.48	11,671.96	-	11,671.96
Subsistence	11,818.65	12,918.61	13,000.00	(81.39)
Equipment Replacement	22,600.00	24,168.28	149,000.00	(124,831.72)
Equipment	58,142.25	29,905.23	50,000.00	(20,094.77)
<b>TOTAL EXPENDITURES</b>	<b>1,149,584.68</b>	<b>1,138,225.28</b>	<b>\$ 1,321,500.00</b>	<b>\$ (183,274.72)</b>
<b>RECEIPTS OVER (UNDER)</b>				
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>	<b>(58,789.95)</b>	<b>(87,503.75)</b>		
<b>UNENCUMBERED CASH, BEGINNING</b>	<b>424,201.87</b>	<b>365,411.92</b>		
<b>UNENCUMBERED CASH, ENDING</b>	<b>\$ 365,411.92</b>	<b>\$ 277,908.17</b>		